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ION EXCHANGEABLE GLASS WITH HIGH COMPRESSIVE STRESS

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ABSTRACT

An aluminosilicate glass article having a high compressive stress layer. The glass article comprises at least about 50 mol % SiO₂ and at least about 11 mol % Na₂O, and has a layer under a compressive stress of at least about 900 MPa and the depth of layer that extends at least about 30 μm from the surface of the glass article into the glass. A method of making such a glass article is also provided.

15 Claims, 3 Drawing Sheets

100

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FIG. 1

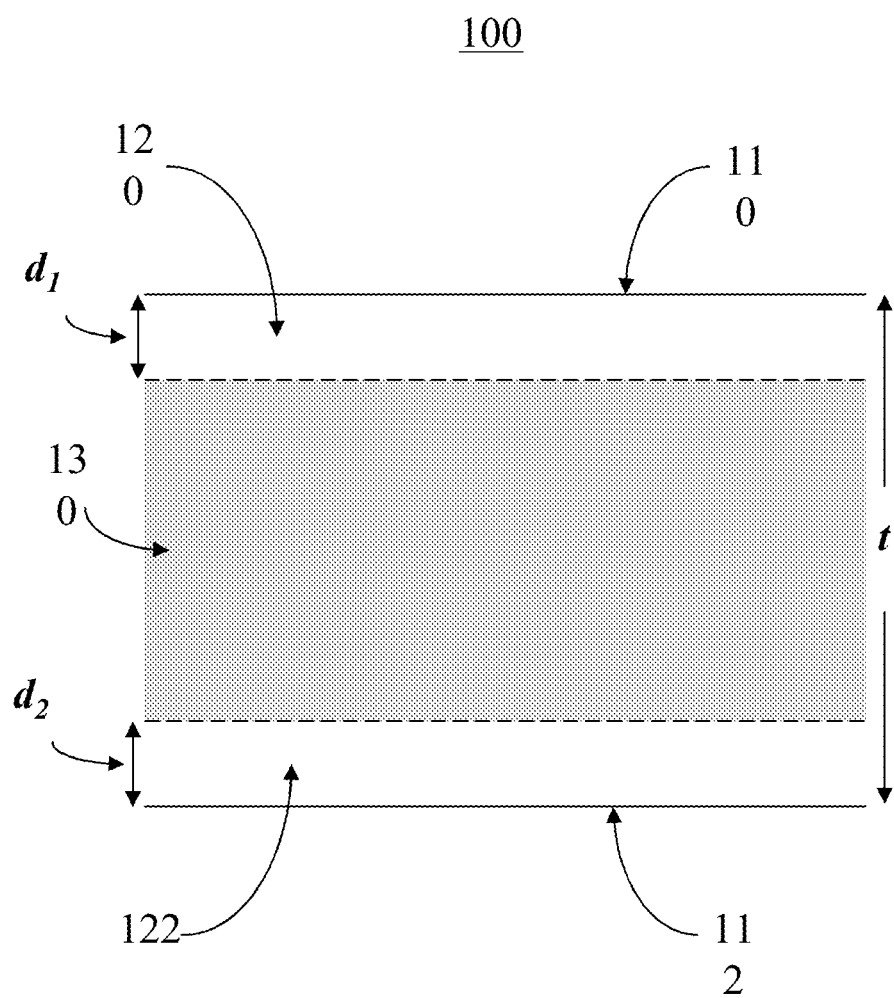


FIG. 2

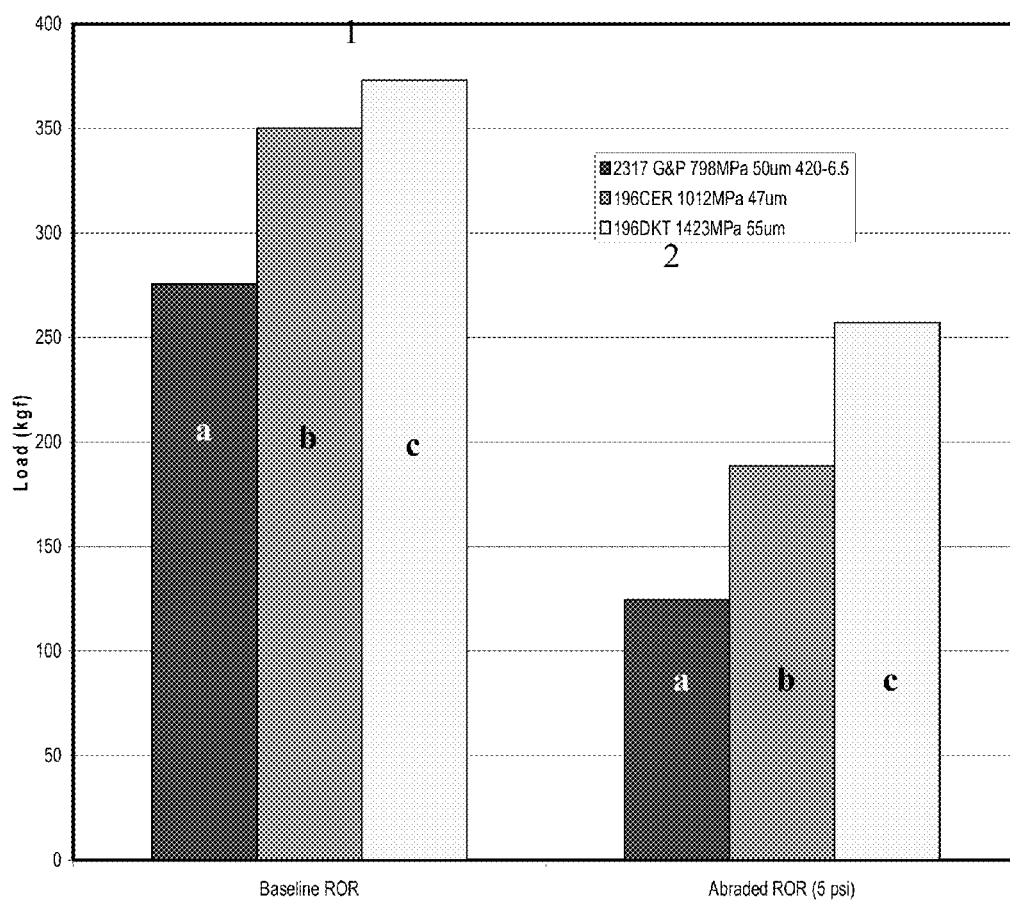
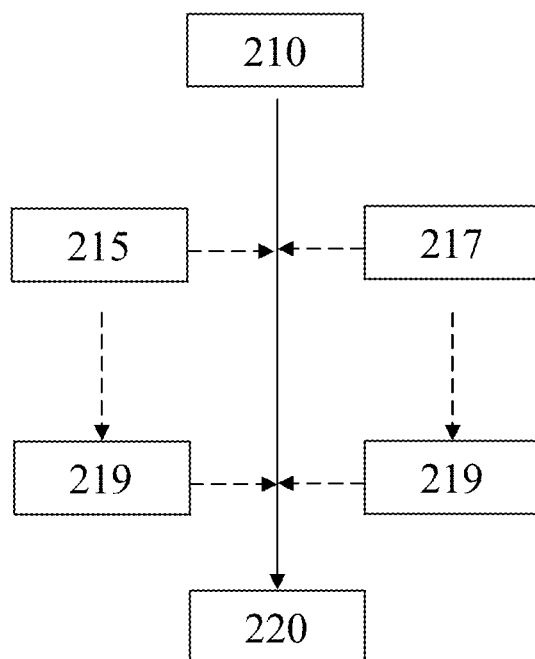


FIG. 3

200

ION EXCHANGEABLE GLASS WITH HIGH COMPRESSIVE STRESS

CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS

This application claims the benefit of priority under 35 U.S.C. §119 of U.S. Provisional Application Ser. No. 61/503,734 filed on Jul. 1, 2011, the content of which is relied upon and incorporated herein by reference in its entirety.

BACKGROUND

The disclosure relates to a glass article. More particularly, the disclosure relates to an aluminosilicate glass article having an outer layer under compressive stress.

When used in applications such as displays and cover glasses for electronic devices such as televisions, telephones, and entertainment devices, glass is sometimes strengthened by either thermal or chemical means. Such strengthening typically involves creating a layer at the surface of the glass that is under compression. This layer prevents flaws caused by impact of an object with the glass from propagating into the bulk of the glass, thus causing cracking and/or breakage.

One such means of chemically strengthening glass is ion exchange. Glass undergoes stress relaxation during ion exchange. Such stress relaxation can be mitigated by reducing the temperature at which ion exchange is carried out. However, reducing temperature decreases the rate and the depth to which such exchange takes place to such an extent so as to make such temperature reduction impractical. Annealing the glass prior to ion exchange tends to increase the compressive stress, but it also decreases the rate of ion exchange.

SUMMARY

An aluminosilicate glass article having a high compressive stress layer is provided. The glass article comprises at least about 50 mol % SiO₂ and at least about 11 mol % Na₂O, and has a layer under a compressive stress of at least about 900 MPa and the depth of layer that extends at least about 30 μm from the surface of the glass article into the glass. A method of making such a glass article is also provided.

Accordingly, one aspect of the disclosure is to provide a glass article having a surface and a layer under compressive stress extending from the surface to a depth of layer. The glass article comprises at least about 50 mol % SiO₂ and at least about 11 mol % Na₂O. The compressive stress is at least about 900 MPa and the depth of layer is at least about 30 μm.

A second aspect of the disclosure is to provide an aluminosilicate glass comprising SiO₂, Na₂O, Al₂O₃, and at least one of B₂O₃, K₂O, MgO and ZnO, wherein $-340+27.1 \cdot \text{Al}_2\text{O}_3 - 28.7 \cdot \text{B}_2\text{O}_3 + 15.6 \cdot \text{Na}_2\text{O} - 61.4 \cdot \text{K}_2\text{O} + 8.1 \cdot (\text{MgO} + \text{ZnO}) \geq 0$ mol %.

A third aspect of the disclosure is to provide a glass article having a surface and a layer under compressive stress extending from the surface to a depth of layer, wherein the compressive stress is at least about 900 MPa and the depth of layer is at least about 30 μm, and wherein the layer is formed by ion exchanging the glass article in a bath at a temperature of up to about 410° C. for up to about 16 hours.

A fourth aspect of the disclosure is to provide an aluminosilicate glass. The aluminosilicate glass comprises: at least about 50 mol % SiO₂; from about 7 mol % to about 26 mol % Al₂O₃; from 0 mol % to about 9 mol % B₂O₃; from about 11 mol % to about 25 mol % Na₂O; from 0 mol % to about 2.5

mol % K₂O; from 0 mol % to about 8.5 mol % MgO; and from 0 mol % to about 1.5 mol % CaO, wherein $-340+27.1 \cdot \text{Al}_2\text{O}_3 - 28.7 \cdot \text{B}_2\text{O}_3 + 15.6 \cdot \text{Na}_2\text{O} - 61.4 \cdot \text{K}_2\text{O} + 8.1 \cdot (\text{MgO} + \text{ZnO}) \geq 0$ mol %.

A fifth aspect of the disclosure is to provide a method of making a glass article having a layer under compressive stress, the layer extending from a surface of the glass article to a depth of layer. The method comprises: providing an aluminosilicate glass article comprising at least about 50 mol % SiO₂ and at least about 11 mol % Na₂O; and ion exchanging the aluminosilicate glass article in a bath at a temperature of up to about 410° C. for up to about 16 hours to form the layer, wherein the layer is under a compressive stress of at least about 900 MPa and the depth of layer is at least about 30 μm.

These and other aspects, advantages, and salient features will become apparent from the following detailed description, the accompanying drawings, and the appended claims.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

FIG. 1 is a cross-sectional schematic view of a glass article; FIG. 2 is a plot of load to failure for a commercially available glass and two of the glasses described herein; and FIG. 3 is a flow chart for a method of making an aluminosilicate glass article.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

In the following description, like reference characters designate like or corresponding parts throughout the several views shown in the figures. It is also understood that, unless otherwise specified, terms such as “top,” “bottom,” “outward,” “inward,” and the like are words of convenience and are not to be construed as limiting terms. In addition, whenever a group is described as comprising at least one of a group of elements and combinations thereof, it is understood that the group may comprise, consist essentially of, or consist of any number of those elements recited, either individually or in combination with each other. Similarly, whenever a group is described as consisting of at least one of a group of elements or combinations thereof, it is understood that the group may consist of any number of those elements recited, either individually or in combination with each other. Unless otherwise specified, a range of values, when recited, includes both the upper and lower limits of the range as well as any ranges therebetween. As used herein, the indefinite articles “a,” “an,” and the corresponding definite article “the” mean “at least one” or “one or more,” unless otherwise specified.

Referring to the drawings in general and to FIG. 1 in particular, it will be understood that the illustrations are for the purpose of describing particular embodiments and are not intended to limit the disclosure or appended claims thereto. The drawings are not necessarily to scale, and certain features and certain views of the drawings may be shown exaggerated in scale or in schematic in the interest of clarity and conciseness.

In one embodiment, an aluminosilicate glass article (also referred to herein as a “glass article” or “glass”) is provided. The glass article has a layer under compressive stress (also referred to herein as the “compressive layer”) extending from a surface of the glass article to a depth of layer in the glass article. The compressive stress (CS) is at least 900 MPa and the depth of layer is at least 30 μm.

A cross-sectional schematic view of the glass article is shown in FIG. 1. Glass article 100 has a thickness t, first surface 110, and second surface 112. Glass article, in some embodiments, has a thickness t of up to about 1 mm. While the

embodiment shown in FIG. 1 depicts glass article 100 as a flat planar sheet or plate, glass article may have other configurations, such as three dimensional shapes or non-planar configurations. Glass article 100 has a first compressive layer 120 extending from first surface 110 to a depth of layer d_1 into the bulk of the glass article 100. In the embodiment shown in FIG. 1, glass article 100 also has a second compressive layer 122 extending from second surface 112 to a second depth of layer d_2 . Glass article also has a central region 130 that extends from d_1 to d_2 . Central region 130 is under a tensile stress or central tension (CT), which balances or counteracts the compressive stresses of layers 120 and 122. The 30 μm depth d_1 , d_2 of first and second compressive layers 120, 122 protects the glass article 100 from the propagation of flaws introduced by sharp impact to first and second surfaces 110, 112 of glass article 100, while the compressive stress of at least about 900 MPa minimizes the likelihood of a flaw penetrating through the depth d_1 , d_2 of first and second compressive layers 120, 122.

The result of the higher compressive stress of the glasses described herein is greater strength and resistance to damage. The loads to failure measured for 1 mm thick samples of two compositions of the glasses described herein are compared to that of 1 mm thick samples of commercially available glass (Corning 2317 glass) in FIG. 2. The commercially available glass (a in FIG. 2) has a compressive stress of 798 MPa and a depth of layer of 50 μm , whereas the two glasses that are described herein (b and c in FIG. 2) have compressive stresses of 1012 MPa and 1423 MPa and depths of layer of 47 μm and 55 μm , respectively. These higher compressive stress glasses (b and c) exhibit greater loads to failure than the commercially available glass (a) for polished glasses (group 1 in FIG. 2). After abrasion with SiC at 5 psi (group 2), the glass having the highest compressive stress (c) shows a factor of 2 greater load to failure, demonstrating the improved damage resistance and value of the invention.

The compressive layer (or layers) of the glass article may be formed by ion exchanging the glass article. In a particular embodiment, ion exchange is carried out by immersing the glass article in a molten salt bath substantially comprising potassium nitrate (KNO_3). The ion exchange bath may also comprise up to about 0.6 mol % and, in some embodiments, up to about 0.2 mol % sodium nitrate (NaNO_3). As used herein, the term "substantially comprising" means that other components may be present in the molten salt bath. Such components may include, but are not limited to, compounds that act to reduce attack of the bath vessel or the glass article by the molten salt. Such additional components may include, but are not limited to, selected components of the glass, such as silicic acid, alumina in gel form, silica in gel form, or the like.

The temperature of the molten salt bath in which the aluminosilicate glass article described herein is immersed is less than or equal to about 420° C., in other embodiments, less than or equal to about 415° C., and, in still other embodiments, less than about 410° C. This temperature may be determined, for example, by embedding or otherwise containing a suitable thermocouple within an electrically insulating sheath and submerging the thermocouple in the molten salt bath at a depth roughly corresponding to the depth at which the glass article will be immersed during the ion exchange process. The glass article is immersed in the KNO_3 ion exchange bath for a time period of up to, in some embodiments, about eight hours. In other embodiments, the glass article is immersed in the KNO_3 ion exchange bath for a time period of up to about 16 hours.

The process of annealing a glass causes the rate of ion exchange of the glass article to increase while causing the compressive stress of the compressive layer to increase. Due to the increase in ion exchange time, however, it is often impractical to take advantage of such an annealing process. In addition, ion exchange at lower temperatures reduces the rate of stress relaxation of the ion exchanged glass, thereby increasing the compressive stress in the glass article. However, ion exchange at lower temperature decreases the rate of ion exchange, thus making it impractical to carry out ion exchange at lower temperature due to the long times required to ion exchange the glass to a desired depth of layer.

In some embodiments, the aluminosilicate glass described herein is annealed prior to ion exchange. Unless otherwise specified, "anneal" means holding the glass a temperature that is between the strain point and glass transition temperature T_g of the glass for a period of up to about two hours and then cooled at a rate of up to about 1° C./minute to room temperature (i.e., about 25° C.). Alternatively, the aluminosilicate glass may be rapidly cooled (i.e., at a rate of at least about 4° C./second) from a high temperature to a temperature below the strain point of the glass or directly to room temperature. Such rapid cooling may occur when the glass is formed by a down draw process such as slot or fusion draw processes. The aluminosilicate glass article is typically heated to a first temperature that is greater than, the anneal point of the glass to increase the volume of the glass, and then quenched to a second temperature that is less than the strain point of the glass. In one embodiment in which the glass article is molten, the melt is heated to a temperature that is greater than the anneal point and quenched by down-drawing the glass using, for example, slot-draw or fusion-draw processes, to form a sheet. In other embodiments, a solid glass article is heated to a temperature above the anneal point of the glass and then quenched to a temperature below the strain point of the glass.

The aluminosilicate glass article described herein comprises at least about 50 mol % SiO_2 and at least about 11 mol % Na_2O . In some embodiments, the glass article comprises: from about 7 mol % to about 26 mol % Al_2O_3 ; from 0 mol % to about 9 mol % B_2O_3 ; from about 11 mol % to about 25 mol % Na_2O ; from 0 mol % to about 2.5 mol % K_2O ; from 0 mol % to about 8.5 mol % MgO ; and from 0 mol % to about 1.5 mol % CaO . In some embodiments, the aluminosilicate glass article described herein comprises SiO_2 , Na_2O , Al_2O_3 , and at least one of B_2O_3 , K_2O , MgO and ZnO , wherein $\text{Na}_2\text{O} + \text{Al}_2\text{O}_3 + \text{MgO} + \text{ZnO} > 25$ mol %. The oxides SiO_2 , Na_2O , Al_2O_3 , B_2O_3 , K_2O , MgO , and CaO are referred to herein as "major oxides." As glass compositions are represented as oxides, the sum of all oxides present in the glass article must be 100 mol %. The glass article may also include oxides other than the above major oxides to achieve desired effects, such as improved defect levels, reduced liquidus temperature, color, opacity, or the like. In such instances, however, the major oxides should comprise at least 95 mol % of all oxide constituents of the glass; i.e., $\text{SiO}_2 + \text{Al}_2\text{O}_3 + \text{B}_2\text{O}_3 + \text{Na}_2\text{O} + \text{K}_2\text{O} + \text{MgO} + \text{ZnO} \geq 95$ mol %.

While many glass compositions may fall within the above composition range, not all such glasses, when ion exchanged or otherwise strengthened under those conditions previously described herein above, will possess a compressive layer with a compressive stress of at least about 900 MPa and a depth of layer of at least about 30 μm . Such compressive stress and depth of layer values are achieved only for those compositions in which the condition

$$-340 + 27.1 \cdot \text{Al}_2\text{O}_3 - 28.7 \cdot \text{B}_2\text{O}_3 + 15.6 \cdot \text{Na}_2\text{O} - 61.4 \cdot \text{K}_2\text{O} + 8.1 \cdot (\text{MgO} + \text{ZnO}) \geq 0 \text{ mol } \%, \quad (1)$$

referred to herein as the CS criterion, is met. Not every combination of oxides that lies within the above composition range will satisfy the CS criterion. Those that do not meet the CS criterion of equation (1) will typically show either unacceptably low rates of ion exchange and/or low compressive stress. Examples of glasses having compositions that are within the range previously described herein and satisfy the CS criterion are listed in Table 1.

Each of the major oxide components plays a unique role in the ion exchange properties of the glass article. The coefficients in the CS criterion (equation (1)) represent the approximate impact of diluting the entire glass with a 1 mol % addition of a selected oxide. For example, adding 1 mole of Al_2O_3 to 99 moles of the other oxides in the previously described range will result in an annealed glass with a depth of layer of at least 30 μm and an increase in compressive stress of about 27 MPa. However, the actual improvement observed in compressive stress will depend upon the precise constituents in the glass and their complex relationships with one another. Accordingly, a larger or smaller CS increase than that predicted by equation (1) may be obtained in practice.

Of the various oxides in the composition range described hereinabove, Al_2O_3 has the largest impact on the CS criterion. Those alkali cations that can do so stabilize Al^{3+} in tetrahedral coordination with oxygen anions, with each of these oxygen anions being shared with silicon. Since silicon donates one electron to each oxygen, the stoichiometry and effective charge of tetrahedrally-coordinated aluminum sharing each of its surrounding oxygens with silicon is $[\text{AlO}_{4/2}]^{-1}$. A large +1 cation, such as any of the alkali cations, provides the requisite positive charge to compensate for the otherwise negatively charged coordination configuration of the tetrahedrally-coordinated aluminum. The larger the alkali ion, the weaker is its electrostatic interaction with $[\text{AlO}_{4/2}]^{-1}$ "anions," and the more effective is its charge balancing interaction.

Like aluminum, magnesium and zinc can be tetrahedrally coordinated by oxygen, forming $[\text{MgO}_{4/2}]^{-2}$ and $[\text{ZnO}_{4/2}]^{-2}$ "anions" that are charge-balanced by two alkalis. As with aluminum, the larger the alkali cation, the stronger the $\text{Mg}-\text{O}$ or $\text{Zn}-\text{O}$ bonds, and the weaker the alkali-oxygen interaction. Thus, Al_2O_3 strongly increases compressive stress, whereas MgO and ZnO increase compressive stress less so. The cation-anion bonds become stronger, and placing a larger potassium ion into a smaller sodium site results in a larger compressive stress than were the potassium ion to replace sodium in a site composed of weaker cation-oxygen bonds.

The CS criterion (equation (1)) also indicates that increasing the Na_2O concentration in the glass article also increases CS. Na_2O is replaced by K_2O during ion exchange. If an incremental increase in Na_2O results in an incremental increase in K_2O , then the compressive stress would appear to increase accordingly. However, Na_2O also lowers the viscosity of the glass article. While the viscosity of the glass is high at ion exchange temperatures, it is not so high that appreciable viscous relaxation cannot take place. Thus, increased amounts of Na_2O in the glass may increase relaxation at ion exchange temperatures. To the extent that Na_2O can be accounted for in charge-balancing roles, e.g., $\text{Na}+[\text{AlO}_{4/2}]^{-1}$ or $[\text{Na}+][2[\text{MgO}_{4/2}]^{2-}]$, increases in the concentrations of these components results in an increase in compressive stress.

In those instances in which both Na^+ and K^+ are present, the highest compressive stresses are generally obtained when both can be completely accounted for in charge-balancing roles for Al^{3+} , Mg^{2+} , and Zn^{2+} . With this in mind, it may, in some embodiments, be desirable that most of the alkali metal

oxides in the glass articles described herein can be accounted for as charge-balancing cations for aluminum, magnesium and zinc; i.e.,

$$\text{Na}_2\text{O}+\text{K}_2\text{O}-\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3-\text{MgO}-\text{ZnO}=0. \quad (2)$$

However, Al_2O_3 , MgO , or ZnO concentrations in excess of those of Na_2O plus K_2O generally do not negatively impact compressive stress, although the rate of ion exchange can be negatively impacted at the highest MgO and ZnO levels. In addition, the relative proportions of Na, K, Al, Mg, and Zn can be varied with respect to one another to improve compressive stress, depth of layer, or both. Glasses having relatively high alumina content can be extremely viscous, however, and melting rates and defect levels in the glass article can adversely impacted. Glasses having MgO high concentrations tend to have high liquidus temperatures, which may interfere with melting, fining, or forming processes.

In the same way that the relative proportions of Na, K, Al, Mg, and Zn oxides may be varied to achieve various ion exchange effects, B_2O_3 and CaO may be used in combination with variations in the oxides of the above elements to improve manufacturing attributes. In exploring how these oxides impact ion exchange attributes, we find that excellent combinations of ion exchange properties and manufacturing attributes are obtained when

$$-5 \text{ mol } \% \leq \text{Na}_2\text{O}+\text{K}_2\text{O}-\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3-\text{MgO}-\text{ZnO} \leq 4 \text{ mol } \%. \quad (3)$$

While equation (3), which is referred to as the compensation criterion, is not a necessary condition for the glasses described herein, but may be a factor to consider when designing a glass for a particular melting or forming process. The compensation criterion influences the compressive stress achieved after ion exchange. The highest compressive stresses are generally obtained when the compensation criterion is less than or equal to zero. Examples 1-183, 282, and 283 in Table 1 are exemplary of compositions that satisfy the compensation criterion.

In those instances in which the compensation criterion (equation (3)) is greater than zero, the glasses tend to have lower melting and forming temperatures, and are correspondingly easier to manufacture. If glass melting and forming systems permit, it may be possible to add Al_2O_3 , MgO , or ZnO to such a composition and thus improve the ion exchange attributes of the glass article. However, the addition of Al_2O_3 generally results in increased viscosity, whereas MgO and/or ZnO addition will at some point increase the liquidus temperature of the glass.

The concentrations of B_2O_3 , K_2O , and CaO may be adjusted relative to those of Na_2O , Al_2O_3 , MgO , and ZnO to achieve an appropriate balance of ion exchange and manufacturing attributes. On a mole-for-mole basis, B_2O_3 lowers the compressive stress and the rate of ion exchange of the glass article nearly as much as Al_2O_3 increases them. However, B_2O_3 decreases viscosity more strongly than Al_2O_3 increases it. Thus, while the CS criterion (equation (1)) predicts that adding Al_2O_3 and B_2O_3 on a mole-for-mole basis will have little impact on compressive stress, the viscosity of most glasses will decrease substantially, thus increasing the ease of manufacturing in some processes. In some embodiments, B_2O_3 and Al_2O_3 may be added in different proportions to fine-tune ion exchange and manufacturing attributes. Examples 186-262 in Table 1 illustrate how the combination of high Al_2O_3 and B_2O_3 concentrations can be used to obtain CS criterion values of greater than or equal to zero.

As indicated by the coefficient for K_2O in the CS criterion (equation (1)), K_2O , when substituted for other glass components, has a very large, negative impact on compressive stress.

On the other hand, K_2O has the largest positive impact on the rate of ion exchange of any of the major oxide components. Therefore, the addition of K_2O is a very effective means for improving the rate of ion exchange if compressive stress is quite high but the rate of ion exchange is unacceptably low. When substituted for Na_2O , however, K_2O may cause an increase in viscosity, as K^+ is larger than Na^+ and hence more effective as a charge-balancing cation and as an amplifier of the strength of $Al-O$ bonds. While B_2O_3 may be added to compensate for the viscosity increase due to K_2O addition, it too will reduce compressive stress, and thus compound the impact of K_2O alone. Examples 263-282 in Table 1 illustrate how K_2O can be used in combination with other oxides to satisfy the CS criterion in glasses for which the flux criterion is >0 .

CaO is to be avoided in general because its impact on the rate of ion exchange is approximately equal and opposite that of K_2O . However, the presence of CaO and K_2O may be desirable in some cases, particularly in glasses with high MgO concentrations, so as to lower the liquidus temperature and diminish the risk of forming the magnesium silicate mineral forsterite (Mg_2SiO_4) as a devitrification phase in the melting or forming process.

In addition to the oxides listed hereinabove, the aluminosilicate glasses described herein may contain chemical fining agents such as, but not limited to, halides (salts containing F, Cl, Br and/or I) and the oxides As_2O_3 , Sb_2O_3 , CeO_2 and SnO_2 . These fining agents are generally batched at a level of 0.5 mol % or less, and have minor impact on both the rate of ion exchange and the compressive stress that is ultimately obtained.

Other oxides may be added at low concentrations with little or no impact on the ion exchange characteristics of the aluminosilicate glasses described herein. Non-limiting examples of such oxides include ZrO_2 (a common contaminant introduced by zirconia refractories in melters), TiO_2 (a common tramp component of natural silica sources), Fe_2O_3 (an ubiquitous tramp oxide in all but the purest chemical reagents), other transition metal oxides that might be used to introduce color (V_2O_5 , Cr_2O_3 , Co_3O_4 , Fe_2O_3 , etc.), and the like. These oxides are, in some embodiments, present at levels of 0.1 mol % or less.

The impact of larger alkaline earths (Sr and Ba) is comparable to that of calcium. In addition, these alkaline earths are costly reagents compared to most of the other oxides in the aluminosilicate glasses described herein. Consequently, these larger alkaline earth oxides are present in levels that are, in some embodiments, kept below 0.5 mol %.

Rubidium and cesium oxides are too large to ion exchange at an appreciable rate, and are both costly and contribute to high liquidus temperatures at elevated concentrations. These oxides are present in levels that are, in some embodiments, kept below 0.5 mol %.

In some embodiments, the aluminosilicate glass articles described herein are substantially free of lithium oxide (Li_2O). As used herein, "substantially free of lithium oxide"

means that Li_2O is not intentionally batched or otherwise added to the aluminosilicate glass or the ion exchange bath. In some embodiments, the Li_2O concentration in the aluminosilicate glass is kept below 0.5 mol %, and, in other embodiments, below 0.1 mol %. Lithium oxide is to be generally avoided because it contributes to "poisoning" of the potassium nitrate salt bath, and thus results in a compressive stress in the glass article that is lower than would be obtained if the same glass were ion exchanged in a lithium-free salt bath. The presence of Li_2O also adds cost to the ion exchange process, as the salt must be discarded more frequently to compensate for lithium introduced by the glass.

In another aspect, a method of making a glass article having a compressive layer extending from a surface of the glass article to a depth of layer of at least about 30 μm within the glass article, wherein the compressive layer is under a compressive stress of at least about 900 MPa is also provided. A flow chart describing the method is shown in FIG. 3. Method 200 comprises a first step 210 in which an aluminosilicate glass article, such as those previously described hereinabove, is provided. The aluminosilicate glass article comprises at least about 50 mol % SiO_2 and at least about 11 mol % Na_2O . In some embodiments, step 210 comprises down drawing the aluminosilicate glass, for example, a slot draw process, a fusion draw process, or the like.

In step 220, the aluminosilicate glass is ion exchanged at a temperature of up to about 410° C. in an ion exchange bath for a time period of up to about eight hours in length to achieve a compressive stress of at least 900 MPa in the compressive layer, which has a depth of layer of at least 30 μm . In some embodiments, the ion exchange bath comprises potassium nitrate (KNO_3). The ion exchange bath may also comprise up to about 0.6 mol % and, in some embodiments, up to about 0.2 mol % sodium nitrate ($NaNO_3$). The ion exchange bath may further comprise compounds that act to reduce attack of the bath vessel or the glass article by the molten salt. Such additional components may include, but are not limited to, selected components of the glass, such as silicic acid, alumina in gel form, silica in gel form, or the like.

In some embodiments, method 200 further includes annealing the aluminosilicate glass at a temperature that is between the strain point of the glass and the glass transition temperature T_g of the glass (step 215) prior to ion exchanging the glass (step 220). In some embodiments, the aluminosilicate glass is annealed at this temperature for up to two hours and then cooled at a rate of up to (i.e., less than or equal to) 1° C./second.

In other embodiments, the aluminosilicate glass is rapidly cooled at a rate of at least (i.e., greater than or equal to) 1° C./second (step 217) after down drawing the glass and prior to ion exchanging the glass.

Following either annealing (step 215) or rapid cooling (step 217) of the aluminosilicate glass, the glass may, in some embodiments, be ground and/or polished (step 219) prior to ion exchange. In some embodiments, the glass may be ground and/or polished to a thickness of about 1 mm or less.

TABLE 1

Exemplary compositions of aluminosilicate glasses, expressed in mol %.													
Example	SiO_2	Al_2O_3	B_2O_3	Na_2O	K_2O	MgO	CaO	ZnO	SnO_2	CS (MPa)	DOL (μm)	CS criterion	Compensation criterion
1	63.56	14.98	5.44	13.31	0.01	2.57	0.04	0	0.09	1009	30.7	137	-4.2
2	60.13	16.38	4.99	14.85	0.49	2.95	0.09	0	0.1	1029	38.3	185	-4
3	64.72	14.17	5.36	12.95	0.01	2.66	0.04	0	0.09	989	31.7	113	-3.9
4	69.21	9.02	0	12.98	0.02	7.52	1.05	0	0.2	1042	31.3	162	-3.5

TABLE 1-continued

Exemplary compositions of aluminosilicate glasses, expressed in mol %.													
Example	SiO ₂	Al ₂ O ₃	B ₂ O ₃	Na ₂ O	K ₂ O	MgO	CaO	ZnO	SnO ₂	CS (MPa)	DOL (μm)	CS criterion	Compensation criterion
5	70.43	9.07	0	13.09	0.02	7.13	0.06	0	0.19	1040	34.5	166	-3.1
6	65.45	13.23	5.15	12.99	0.07	2.93	0.05	0	0.11	958	32.4	93	-3.1
7	70.57	9.07	0	12.06	0.96	7.07	0.06	0	0.19	975	39.8	92	-3.1
8	65.44	13.22	5.16	13.02	0.07	2.92	0.05	0	0.11	956	32.4	92	-3.1
9	65.03	13.81	5.32	12.98	0.09	2.37	0.29	0	0.09	994	29.6	96	-3.1
10	65.46	13.24	5.07	13.02	0.07	2.95	0.05	0	0.12	967	32.1	96	-3.1
11	69.29	9.39	0	13.12	0.6	7.33	0.07	0	0.18	1076	35.6	141	-3
12	69.5	9.35	0	13.14	0.47	7.28	0.07	0	0.18	1075	35.1	148	-3
13	60.86	16.54	5.03	14.94	0.5	1.93	0.08	0	0.1	1095	31.8	182	-3
14	60.86	16.54	5.03	14.94	0.5	1.93	0.08	0	0.1	1056	41.3	182	-3
15	65.29	13.29	5.17	13.1	0.07	2.9	0.05	0	0.11	910	36.3	95	-3
16	65.47	13.24	5.12	13.03	0.07	2.89	0.05	0	0.11	965	32.3	94	-3
17	69.7	9.4	0	13.05	0.47	7.12	0.07	0	0.18	1060	33.8	147	-3
18	69.51	9.28	0	13.2	0.47	7.28	0.07	0	0.18	1079	34.2	147	-2.9
19	68.84	9.83	0	13.07	0.93	7.06	0.07	0	0.18	1084	38.8	130	-2.9
20	65.07	13.55	5.19	13.25	0.07	2.71	0.04	0	0.11	987	33.4	102	-2.9
21	69.32	9.25	0	13.15	0.65	7.36	0.07	0	0.18	1056	36.3	135	-2.8
22	65.46	13.21	5.1	13.15	0.07	2.85	0.05	0	0.11	949	33.7	95	-2.8
23	64.96	13.67	5.15	13.37	0.07	2.59	0.04	0	0.13	1017	33.2	108	-2.8
24	69.86	10.05	0	12.61	0.97	6.23	0.05	0	0.19	1025	44.1	120	-2.7
25	68.62	9.85	0	13.74	0.49	7.04	0.07	0	0.18	1003	34.3	168	-2.7
26	64.83	13.91	5.07	13.57	0.07	2.38	0.04	0	0.1	1028	33.7	118	-2.7
27	69.88	9.28	0	13.01	0.6	6.97	0.06	0	0.18	964	33.8	134	-2.6
28	65.52	13.15	5.14	13.22	0.07	2.73	0.04	0	0.11	968	32.3	93	-2.6
29	70.17	9.09	0	12.02	0.98	6.53	1	0	0.2	983	36	82	-2.6
30	64.88	13.96	5.08	13.59	0.07	2.25	0.04	0	0.1	1016	35.1	118	-2.6
31	64.7	13.96	5.16	13.65	0.07	2.3	0.04	0	0.1	1021	34.1	117	-2.5
32	68.93	10.23	0	14.13	0.01	6.43	0.07	0	0.2	1104	38.4	209	-2.5
33	71.24	9.25	0	12.07	0.98	6.2	0.05	0	0.19	979	41.6	89	-2.4
34	66.82	9.48	0	14.47	0.78	8.18	0.08	0	0.18	1021	32.7	161	-2.4
35	68.15	9.75	0	14	0.59	7.25	0.07	0	0.18	1020	32.8	165	-2.4
36	69.63	9.08	0	12.97	0.95	7.09	0.07	0	0.2	994	43.5	107	-2.3
37	71.3	9.15	0	13.05	0.01	6.23	0.05	0	0.19	1004	36.4	161	-2.3
38	68.17	9.16	0	13.98	0.69	7.74	0.07	0	0.18	996	32.8	146	-2.2
39	69.52	9.03	0	13.04	0.95	7.18	0.06	0	0.19	1025	39.1	108	-2.2
40	70	9.35	0	13.27	0.49	6.63	0.06	0	0.18	968	34.7	144	-2.2
41	71.52	9.06	0	12.06	0.97	6.13	0.05	0	0.2	954	44	84	-2.2
42	66.12	13.98	4.67	13.21	0.28	1.56	0.06	0	0.1	987	40.3	106	-2.1
43	71.56	9.06	0	13.03	0.02	6.07	0.06	0	0.19	1019	37.6	156	-2.1
44	69.59	10.04	0	13.05	0.96	6.1	0.05	0	0.19	1033	43.9	126	-2.1
45	65.98	14.02	4.73	13.25	0.28	1.55	0.07	0	0.1	1000	40.4	106	-2
46	65.55	13.09	5.1	13.51	0.07	2.51	0.04	0	0.11	964	33.1	95	-2
47	69.13	9.86	0	13.55	0.76	6.44	0.07	0	0.18	1084	40.6	144	-2
48	61.35	16.7	5.1	15.15	0.51	1	0.08	0	0.1	1091	35.5	179	-2
49	65.65	13.95	5.1	13.27	0.28	1.57	0.07	0	0.1	988	38.5	94	-2
50	66.07	13.98	4.65	13.28	0.28	1.55	0.06	0	0.11	1007	40.3	108	-2
51	66.18	13.92	4.66	13.23	0.28	1.56	0.06	0	0.1	995	40.4	105	-2
52	65.22	13.98	5.5	13.27	0.28	1.56	0.07	0	0.1	983	36.8	83	-2
53	61.35	16.7	5.1	15.15	0.51	1	0.08	0	0.1	1028	48.5	179	-2
54	66.16	13.96	4.6	13.27	0.28	1.56	0.06	0	0.1	995	40.6	108	-2
55	69.77	9.47	0	12.69	1.11	6.26	0.49	0	0.18	998	39.8	95	-1.9
56	69.79	8.48	0	12.67	1.12	7.24	0.49	0	0.18	995	37	75	-1.9
57	69.73	8.5	0	13.69	0.17	7.22	0.48	0	0.18	1037	30.9	150	-1.9
58	64.62	13.97	6.05	13.33	0.28	1.55	0.07	0	0.1	961	36.7	68	-1.9
59	65.86	13.7	4.82	13.42	0.21	1.82	0.06	0	0.1	985	38.3	104	-1.9
60	69.75	9.48	0	13.68	0.15	6.25	0.48	0	0.18	1088	34.6	170	-1.9
61	64.68	13.96	6.08	13.3	0.28	1.52	0.07	0	0.1	963	36.2	66	-1.9
62	65.59	13.32	5.05	13.61	0.09	2.16	0.04	0	0.11	965	35.9	100	-1.8
63	64.55	14.01	6.1	13.4	0.28	1.47	0.06	0	0.1	950	36.4	68	-1.8
64	65.85	13.57	4.87	13.46	0.18	1.9	0.05	0	0.11	980	37.4	102	-1.8
65	65.6	13.23	5.06	13.66	0.07	2.2	0.04	0	0.12	986	34.1	100	-1.7
66	65.67	13.25	5.02	13.62	0.08	2.18	0.04	0	0.12	967	35.5	100	-1.7
67	69.64	9.14	0	12.8	0.97	6.28	0.96	0	0.2	1026	36.2	94	-1.7
68	65.59	13.24	5.08	13.63	0.07	2.2	0.04	0	0.12	972	34.3	99	-1.7
69	64.72	13.97	6.02	13.44	0.28	1.39	0.06	0	0.1	954	34.9	69	-1.6
70	68.12	10.29	0	15.06	0.02	6.24	0.05	0	0.19	1114	39	223	-1.5
71	68.72	10.18	0	14.77	0.02	6.06	0.05	0	0.18	1138	37.9	214	-1.5
72	65.44	13.23	5.13	13.79	0.07	2.15	0.04	0	0.12	984	34.1	99	-1.5
73	68.81	8.85	0	13.64	1.09	7.33	0.06	0	0.17	975	42.9	105	-1.5
74	69.76	9.57	0	12.35	1.91	6.15	0.06	0	0.19	965	50.2	44	-1.5
75	68.61	10.17	0	14.86	0.02	6.08	0.05	0	0.18	1136	38.2	215	-1.4
76	68.45	8.46	0	13.68	1.12	7.6	0.49	0	0.18	996	36.8	93	-1.3
77	68.4	10.14	0	14.98	0.01	6.19	0.07	0	0.19	1109	38.3	218	-1.3
78	68.33	10.13	0	15.05	0.02	6.21	0.05	0	0.18	1144	37.7	218	-1.3
79	70.58	10.06	0	13.04	0.96	5.1	0.05	0	0.19	1001	48.6	118	-1.2

TABLE 1-continued

Exemplary compositions of aluminosilicate glasses, expressed in mol %.													
Example	SiO ₂	Al ₂ O ₃	B ₂ O ₃	Na ₂ O	K ₂ O	MgO	CaO	ZnO	SnO ₂	CS (MPa)	DOL (μm)	CS criterion	Compensation criterion
80	69.12	10.14	0	14.56	0.13	5.78	0.06	0	0.18	1122	38.5	201	-1.2
81	68.82	10.19	0	14.85	0.01	5.85	0.06	0	0.2	1147	36.9	214	-1.2
82	70.64	9.02	0	12.05	1.88	6.15	0.05	0	0.19	930	48.3	27	-1.2
83	68.26	10.38	0	15.14	0.02	5.94	0.05	0	0.19	1160	37.3	224	-1.2
84	64.65	13.99	6.05	13.72	0.28	1.14	0.06	0	0.1	960	36.4	71	-1.1
85	65.6	12.99	5.12	13.94	0.07	2.11	0.04	0	0.11	966	33.8	95	-1.1
86	62.04	16.89	5.12	15.24	0.51	0.02	0.07	0	0.1	1030	53.6	177	-1.1
87	51.33	20.21	7.03	19.17	0.97	1.03	0.13	0	0.1	1087	44.8	253	-1.1
88	68.55	10.4	0	15.04	0.01	5.73	0.06	0	0.2	1104	39.5	222	-1.1
89	62.04	16.89	5.12	15.24	0.51	0.02	0.07	0	0.1	1085	39.6	177	-1.1
90	70.58	9.01	0	13.06	0.96	6.14	0.05	0	0.19	999	43.5	98	-1.1
91	51.33	20.21	7.03	19.17	0.97	1.03	0.13	0	0.1	1046	32.4	253	-1.1
92	69.18	10.27	0	14.7	0.01	5.57	0.06	0	0.2	1089	40.7	212	-1.1
93	70.65	8.06	0	13.02	0.97	7.03	0.06	0	0.19	941	40.6	79	-1.1
94	68.28	10.61	0	14.34	0.81	5.68	0.08	0	0.19	1115	42.7	167	-1.1
95	70.74	8.49	0	13.63	0.17	6.28	0.49	0	0.18	1004	33.4	141	-1
96	68.44	10.44	0	15.12	0.05	5.69	0.05	0	0.19	1139	38.9	222	-1
97	65.41	13.11	5.16	14.06	0.07	2.01	0.04	0	0.11	975	34	98	-1
98	70.09	9.08	0	14.31	0.01	6.23	0.07	0	0.2	1029	35.3	179	-1
99	68.03	10.08	0	15.33	0.04	6.26	0.06	0	0.18	1138	37.6	220	-1
100	68.36	10.14	0	15.19	0.02	6.04	0.05	0	0.18	1137	38.1	219	-1
101	63.72	14.96	7.05	13.57	0.5	0.02	0.06	0	0.1	953	36.6	44	-0.9
102	69.72	9.49	0	13.12	1.45	5.95	0.08	0	0.18	916	43	81	-0.9
103	70.79	9.06	0	13.99	0.02	5.89	0.05	0	0.19	1034	37.5	170	-0.9
104	70.8	8.48	0	12.68	1.12	6.23	0.48	0	0.18	945	39.5	67	-0.9
105	69.09	10.24	0	14.83	0.05	5.55	0.05	0	0.18	1123	38.9	211	-0.9
106	68.23	10.56	0	15.31	0.01	5.64	0.05	0	0.19	1115	40.6	230	-0.9
107	68.91	10.22	0	14.7	0.26	5.66	0.06	0	0.18	1117	39.8	196	-0.9
108	68.08	9.66	0	15	0.34	6.54	0.17	0	0.18	1105	37.4	187	-0.9
109	68.46	10.53	0	14.71	0.49	5.54	0.07	0	0.19	1115	41.7	189	-0.9
110	68.8	9.48	0	13.67	1.11	6.23	0.48	0	0.18	1025	40.1	110	-0.9
111	69.09	9.79	0	14.86	0.01	5.98	0.05	0	0.2	1058	39.7	205	-0.9
112	68.06	9.95	0	15.28	0.13	6.28	0.09	0	0.18	1124	37.3	211	-0.8
113	64.47	14.01	7.01	13.78	0	0.53	0.07	0	0.1	973	31.2	57	-0.8
114	67.29	11.27	0	15.82	0.01	5.35	0.05	0	0.2	1127	42.9	255	-0.8
115	64.48	14.03	5.97	13.81	0.5	1.03	0.07	0	0.1	1007	32	62	-0.8
116	68.54	10.14	0	15.18	0.01	5.89	0.05	0	0.18	1122	38.8	218	-0.8
117	66.37	12.04	0	16.29	0.01	5.03	0.05	0	0.21	1175	43.5	280	-0.8
118	64.48	14.03	5.97	13.81	0.5	1.03	0.07	0	0.1	948	40.2	62	-0.8
119	68.74	10.22	0	15.12	0.01	5.66	0.05	0	0.18	1111	38.6	218	-0.8
120	61.95	16.69	5.09	15.53	0.51	0.02	0.08	0	0.1	1143	34.8	177	-0.7
121	68.62	10.2	0	14.97	0.24	5.71	0.05	0	0.19	1081	40	201	-0.7
122	71.42	8.97	0	12.46	1.36	5.54	0.06	0	0.18	870	42.6	59	-0.7
123	61.95	16.69	5.09	15.53	0.51	0.02	0.08	0	0.1	1144	38.3	177	-0.7
124	63.17	13.16	5.96	14.5	0.49	2.5	0.08	0	0.1	1000	30.4	61	-0.7
125	64.42	13.5	0	17.28	0.01	4.54	0.05	0	0.2	1260	45.6	331	-0.7
126	68.34	10.43	0	15.13	0.2	5.62	0.05	0	0.19	1108	39.7	212	-0.7
127	63.39	14.04	7.02	13.84	0.5	1.03	0.07	0	0.1	994	30.2	32	-0.7
128	62.63	14.99	0	18.22	0.01	3.91	0.04	0	0.2	1392	35.3	381	-0.7
129	68.94	10.1	0	15.07	0.01	5.62	0.05	0	0.18	1106	38.8	213	-0.6
130	64.41	14.95	6.04	13.89	0.52	0.02	0.06	0	0.1	970	41	77	-0.6
131	64.41	14.95	6.04	13.89	0.52	0.02	0.06	0	0.1	961	35.6	77	-0.6
132	61.91	16.67	5.1	15.57	0.51	0.02	0.08	0	0.1	1129	39.2	177	-0.6
133	70.67	8.16	0	12.78	0.97	6.22	0.99	0	0.2	959	35.8	67	-0.6
134	61.91	16.67	5.1	15.57	0.51	0.02	0.08	0	0.1	1129	36.3	177	-0.6
135	70.67	9.17	0	12.83	0.95	5.19	0.98	0	0.2	989	39.2	88	-0.6
136	68.21	10.54	0	15.31	0.16	5.51	0.05	0	0.19	1142	40	219	-0.6
137	65.6	12.98	5.11	14.24	0.07	1.84	0.04	0	0.11	961	34.1	98	-0.5
138	64.48	14.34	7.05	13.4	0.51	0.02	0.08	0	0.1	943	33.1	24	-0.5
139	69.83	8.49	0	13.19	1.12	6.19	0.98	0	0.18	956	41	73	-0.4
140	69.78	8.49	0	13.67	1.12	6.66	0.07	0	0.18	974	40.8	88	-0.4
141	68.41	10.45	0	15.15	0.31	5.42	0.05	0	0.19	1100	40.8	204	-0.4
142	65.53	12.9	5.19	14.31	0.07	1.83	0.04	0	0.12	970	33.5	94	-0.4
143	69.2	10.19	0	15.08	0.01	5.27	0.05	0	0.18	1109	40.5	213	-0.4
144	68.21	10.65	0	15.61	0.01	5.26	0.06	0	0.2	1093	41.6	234	-0.3
145	52.73	20.37	6.53	19.14	0.97	0.01	0.12	0	0.1	1185	33.9	263	-0.3
146	69.57	9.02	0	13.99	0.96	6.2	0.06	0	0.19	989	43.9	114	-0.3
147	69.38	10.16	0	15.03	0.01	5.15	0.06	0	0.2	1060	41.7	211	-0.3
148	64.46	14.2	7.16	13.45	0.51	0.02	0.08	0	0.09	944	32.8	17	-0.3
149	69.62	10.1	0	14.93	0.01	5.1	0.05	0	0.18	1079	40.3	207	-0.3
150	52.73	20.37	6.53	19.14	0.97	0.01	0.12	0	0.1	1143	45.5	263	-0.3
151	68.55	10.39	0	15.07	0.42	5.3	0.05	0	0.19	1100	42.3	194	-0.2
152	69.6	9.06	0	13.07	1.92	6.09	0.05	0	0.19	934	48.7	41	-0.2
153	64.5	14.19	7.03	13.54	0.51	0.02	0.08	0	0.09	947	32.5	23	-0.2
154	63.65	13.16	5.97	14.51	0.49	2	0.08	0	0.1	995	31.7	57	-0.2

TABLE 1-continued

Exemplary compositions of aluminosilicate glasses, expressed in mol %.													
Example	SiO ₂	Al ₂ O ₃	B ₂ O ₃	Na ₂ O	K ₂ O	MgO	CaO	ZnO	SnO ₂	CS (MPa)	DOL (μm)	CS criterion	Compensation criterion
155	56.22	20.76	2.07	19.66	0.98	0.05	0.13	0	0.11	1403	34.1	410	-0.2
156	69.71	8.03	0	13.01	1.92	7.07	0.06	0	0.2	921	44.9	20	-0.2
157	69.32	10.08	0	15.12	0.01	5.23	0.05	0	0.18	1078	41.3	211	-0.2
158	64.5	14.19	7.03	13.54	0.51	0.02	0.08	0	0.09	954	33.9	23	-0.2
159	56.36	19.7	4.01	18.63	0.99	0.05	0.13	0	0.1	1250	39.9	309	-0.1
160	69.26	8.54	0	13.82	1.12	6.55	0.52	0	0.18	998	37.1	89	-0.1
161	69.31	10.29	0	15.14	0.01	5.01	0.05	0	0.18	1094	40.9	215	-0.1
162	62.01	16.42	4.99	15.83	0.51	0.03	0.08	0	0.1	1107	41.3	177	-0.1
163	64.52	14.18	7	13.55	0.51	0.02	0.08	0	0.1	944	33.2	23	-0.1
164	64.58	13.99	6.11	14.23	0.28	0.63	0.06	0	0.1	965	36.7	73	-0.1
165	62.04	16.41	4.94	15.87	0.51	0.02	0.08	0	0.1	1166	36.5	179	-0.1
166	56.36	19.7	4.01	18.63	0.99	0.05	0.13	0	0.1	1266	42	309	-0.1
167	65.6	12.89	5.15	14.42	0.07	1.69	0.04	0	0.11	971	33.1	96	-0.1
168	68.78	10.19	0	14.92	0.49	5.35	0.05	0	0.19	1088	42.1	182	-0.1
169	71.68	9.04	0	13.02	0.95	5.06	0.05	0	0.19	956	46.5	91	-0.1
170	62.04	16.41	4.94	15.87	0.51	0.02	0.08	0	0.1	1192	34.6	179	-0.1
171	71.61	8.07	0	13.04	0.97	6.05	0.05	0	0.19	909	42.4	71	-0.1
172	62.01	16.42	4.99	15.83	0.51	0.03	0.08	0	0.1	1114	32.2	177	-0.1
173	64.37	13.96	7.02	13.97	0.01	0.01	0.06	0.48	0.1	985	30.6	54	0
174	69.72	8.5	0	13.67	1.13	6.28	0.48	0	0.18	956	39.9	83	0
175	50.5	21.09	7.04	20.12	0.98	0.02	0.13	0	0.1	1228	34.8	283	0
176	69.83	8.47	0	12.69	2.07	6.25	0.48	0	0.18	932	31.8	9	0
177	69.26	8.78	0	15.01	0.22	6.43	0.06	0	0.2	973	35.9	171	0
178	65.81	12.84	5.04	14.39	0.07	1.67	0.04	0	0.12	988	33	97	0
179	50.5	21.09	7.04	20.12	0.98	0.02	0.13	0	0.1	1178	45	283	0
180	54.37	19.19	6.98	18.19	0.99	0.02	0.12	0	0.1	1101	46.7	202	0
181	69.69	8.5	0	14.65	0.17	6.3	0.48	0	0.18	1019	34.9	157	0
182	69.27	8.55	0	14.97	0.01	6.47	0.52	0	0.19	1049	31.6	175	0
183	54.37	19.19	6.98	18.19	0.99	0.02	0.12	0	0.1	1157	33.4	202	0
184	69.94	10.26	0	15.06	0.01	4.48	0.04	0	0.17	1041	42	208	0.3
185	69.92	10.09	0	15.12	0.01	4.62	0.04	0	0.18	1029	42	206	0.4
186	68.48	11.89	3.88	14.93	0.5	0.07	0.08	0	0.12	957	32.9	73	3.5
187	64.08	15.63	3.97	15.6	0.52	0.01	0.07	0	0.1	1103	50.4	181	0.5
188	68.08	11.91	4.37	14.84	0.51	0.05	0.07	0	0.12	969	32.1	58	3.4
189	66.14	13.98	4.68	14.71	0.29	0.05	0.06	0	0.08	986	42.4	116	1
190	66.17	13.99	4.7	14.65	0.29	0.05	0.06	0	0.08	986	42.4	115	0.9
191	66.22	13.96	4.71	14.59	0.3	0.06	0.06	0	0.08	997	42.2	113	0.9
192	66.05	13.98	4.83	14.6	0.32	0.05	0.06	0	0.08	1002	40.4	108	0.9
193	65.9	13.97	4.86	14.77	0.29	0.05	0.06	0	0.09	992	39.8	112	1
194	62.14	16.21	4.92	16	0.51	0.02	0.08	0	0.1	1168	39.2	176	0.3
195	62.14	16.21	4.92	16	0.51	0.02	0.08	0	0.1	1167	36.1	176	0.3
196	65.9	13.99	4.98	14.61	0.31	0.05	0.06	0	0.09	981	42.5	105	0.9
197	57.08	18.53	4.99	18.69	0.49	0.01	0.07	0	0.1	1255	38.3	280	0.6
198	57.03	18.51	5.02	18.73	0.49	0.01	0.07	0	0.1	1261	35.7	279	0.7
199	62.07	16.17	5.03	15.98	0.5	0.02	0.08	0	0.09	1145	30.6	172	0.3
200	57.03	18.7	5.03	18.52	0.49	0.02	0.07	0	0.1	1247	31.7	281	0.3
201	62.07	16.17	5.03	15.98	0.5	0.02	0.08	0	0.09	1085	41.8	172	0.3
202	57.03	18.7	5.03	18.52	0.49	0.02	0.07	0	0.1	1235	40.9	281	0.3
203	62.19	15.8	5.04	16.26	0.5	0.02	0.07	0	0.1	969	49.6	166	0.9
204	62.19	15.8	5.04	16.26	0.5	0.02	0.07	0	0.1	1044	38.5	166	0.9
205	62.12	16.01	5.06	16.09	0.51	0.02	0.07	0	0.1	1105	38.5	168	0.6
206	62.12	16.01	5.06	16.09	0.51	0.02	0.07	0	0.1	1015	51.4	168	0.6
207	57.09	18.63	5.09	18.47	0.49	0.02	0.08	0	0.1	1273	37.9	276	0.3
208	57.09	18.63	5.09	18.47	0.49	0.02	0.08	0	0.1	1280	30.2	276	0.3
209	65.43	14.04	5.3	14.71	0.29	0.05	0.06	0	0.1	986	40.1	100	0.9
210	67.07	12.22	5.32	14.59	0.51	0.05	0.07	0	0.12	971	31.9	35	2.8
211	65.46	14.01	5.57	14.35	0.38	0.05	0.07	0	0.08	982	40.4	80	0.7
212	65.09	14.02	5.6	14.76	0.29	0.05	0.06	0	0.11	954	39.9	92	1
213	66.96	13.33	5.79	13.75	0.01	0.02	0.02	0	0.1	946	37.6	69	0.4
214	56.24	18.65	5.93	17.89	1	0.05	0.14	0	0.1	1232	35.2	213	0.2
215	56.24	18.65	5.93	17.89	1	0.05	0.14	0	0.1	1257	35	213	0.2
216	65.1	13.15	5.95	14.6	0.5	0.5	0.07	0	0.1	973	34.4	46	1.5
217	64.83	13.98	5.97	14.71	0.29	0.05	0.06	0	0.11	958	38.4	79	1
218	64.05	13.18	5.97	14.6	0.5	1.51	0.08	0	0.1	992	31.8	55	0.4
219	65.65	13.15	5.98	14.51	0.5	0.01	0.07	0	0.1	965	36	40	1.8
220	64.71	13.14	5.98	14.47	0.5	0.99	0.07	0	0.1	979	32.6	47	0.8
221	64.34	14	5.99	14.06	0.51	0.01	0.06	0.91	0.1	1039	31.4	55	0.6
222	64.34	14	5.99	14.06	0.51	0.01	0.06	0.91	0.1	964	41	55	0.6
223	64.72	14	6	14.76	0.28	0.05	0.06	0	0.11	955	38.4	80	1
224	64.46	13.96	6.01	14.86	0.51	0.01	0.06	0	0.1	986	31.5	66	1.4
225	65.13	14.02	6.03	14.15	0.44	0.06	0.08	0	0.08	947	40.8	61	0.5
226	64.69	13.99	6.04	14.77	0.28	0.05	0.06	0	0.11	979	36.7	79	1
227	64.59	13.99	6.06	14.51	0.28	0.39	0.06	0	0.11	978	37.8	77	0.4
228	65.35	14	6.11	13.84	0.51	0.01	0.06	0	0.1	945	36.8	49	0.3
229	66.17	12.32	6.23	14.49	0.5	0.05	0.07	0	0.12	957	31	11	2.6

TABLE 1-continued

Exemplary compositions of aluminosilicate glasses, expressed in mol %.													
Example	SiO ₂	Al ₂ O ₃	B ₂ O ₃	Na ₂ O	K ₂ O	MgO	CaO	ZnO	SnO ₂	CS (MPa)	DOL (μm)	CS criterion	Compensation criterion
230	65.09	13.81	6.24	14.6	0.01	0.01	0.06	0	0.12	966	30.1	83	0.8
231	65.29	13.88	6.24	14.07	0.26	0.01	0.06	0	0.12	965	31.3	60	0.4
232	65.29	13.96	6.25	14	0.24	0.01	0.06	0	0.12	958	31.9	62	0.3
233	65.3	13.87	6.25	13.83	0.5	0.01	0.07	0	0.12	953	31.9	41	0.4
234	65.45	13.85	6.29	14.23	0.01	0.02	0.02	0	0.1	968	36	76	0.4
235	65.34	13.84	6.41	14.24	0.01	0.02	0.02	0	0.1	950	37.7	73	0.4
236	64.77	13.87	6.51	14.14	0.52	0.01	0.06	0	0.1	955	32.6	38	0.8
237	56.55	18.28	6.55	17.37	0.99	0.02	0.12	0	0.1	1160	33.6	177	0.1
238	56.55	18.28	6.55	17.37	0.99	0.02	0.12	0	0.1	1064	44.5	177	0.1
239	59.93	16.49	6.63	16.2	0.51	0.02	0.08	0	0.1	1126	34.6	138	0.2
240	59.93	16.49	6.63	16.2	0.51	0.02	0.08	0	0.1	1161	34.3	138	0.2
241	59.9	16.49	6.72	16.15	0.51	0.02	0.08	0	0.1	1126	33.8	135	0.1
242	64.56	14.03	7	13.67	0.51	0.02	0.08	0	0.09	945	32.4	21	0.1
243	64.56	14.03	7	13.67	0.51	0.02	0.08	0	0.09	969	34.4	21	0.1
244	59.89	16.3	7.01	16.06	0.51	0.02	0.08	0	0.1	1135	32.6	119	0.3
245	59.89	16.3	7.01	16.06	0.51	0.02	0.08	0	0.1	1139	35.4	119	0.3
246	64.41	13.99	7.02	13.8	0.51	0.05	0.09	0	0.1	900	39.6	22	0.3
247	64.56	13.9	7.03	14.31	0.01	0.01	0.06	0	0.1	946	32.4	57	0.4
248	64.52	13.86	7.05	13.81	0.51	0.02	0.08	0	0.09	978	32.7	17	0.4
249	64.52	13.86	7.05	13.81	0.51	0.02	0.08	0	0.09	955	32	17	0.4
250	58.19	17.2	7.06	16.29	0.99	0.02	0.12	0	0.1	1053	33.1	116	0.1
251	58.19	17.2	7.06	16.29	0.99	0.02	0.12	0	0.1	993	46.8	116	0.1
252	64.53	13.9	7.08	13.76	0.51	0.02	0.08	0	0.09	948	33.9	17	0.4
253	64.53	13.9	7.08	13.76	0.51	0.02	0.08	0	0.09	967	33.8	17	0.4
254	63.31	14.01	7.11	14.87	0.51	0.01	0.06	0	0.1	986	29.7	37	1.4
255	64.43	14.01	7.12	13.7	0.51	0.02	0.08	0	0.09	971	34.1	18	0.2
256	64.43	14.01	7.12	13.7	0.51	0.02	0.08	0	0.09	957	32.1	18	0.2
257	59.99	16.27	7.13	15.87	0.51	0.02	0.08	0	0.1	1081	35.4	113	0.1
258	59.99	16.27	7.13	15.87	0.51	0.02	0.08	0	0.1	1091	38.6	113	0.1
259	57.88	17.24	7.21	16.91	0.51	0.02	0.08	0	0.1	1155	33.4	153	0.2
260	57.88	17.24	7.21	16.91	0.51	0.02	0.08	0	0.1	1166	35.8	153	0.2
261	56.23	17.64	8.05	16.78	0.99	0.05	0.14	0	0.1	1100	32.1	108	0.1
262	56.23	17.64	8.05	16.78	0.99	0.05	0.14	0	0.1	1048	31.8	108	0.1
263	69.74	8.5	0	13.7	0.63	6.24	0.98	0	0.18	1007	33.7	112	0.6
264	69.8	8.48	0	14.66	1.1	5.28	0.48	0	0.18	935	30.2	92	2
265	69.85	8.49	0	13.68	1.6	6.1	0.06	0	0.18	994	40.2	54	0.7
266	68.76	8.51	0	14.65	1.12	6.29	0.48	0	0.18	940	39.9	99	1
267	69.72	8.46	0	14.16	1.11	6.27	0.07	0	0.18	973	30.5	92	0.5
268	69.27	8.49	0	13.69	1.12	6.24	0.98	0	0.18	964	37.2	81	0.1
269	70.72	7.49	0	13.68	1.12	6.29	0.49	0	0.18	875	39.8	56	1
270	69.62	8.66	0	14.4	0.7	6.33	0.06	0	0.2	960	38.9	127	0.1
271	70.24	8.48	0	13.66	1.11	6.23	0.06	0	0.18	954	42.2	85	0.1
272	70.64	9.02	0	13.03	1.9	5.15	0.05	0	0.19	884	52.9	33	0.8
273	70.8	8.49	0	13.65	1.09	5.28	0.48	0	0.18	921	42	77	1
274	69.84	9.46	0	13.66	1.11	5.23	0.48	0	0.18	996	41.9	102	0.1
275	69.61	8.56	0	13.9	1.16	6.08	0.47	0	0.19	977	37.4	85	0.4
276	67.48	9.21	0	14.5	1.46	6.29	0.88	0	0.18	942	36.6	93	0.5
277	69.85	7.47	0	13.64	1.12	7.23	0.48	0	0.17	928	37.4	63	0.1
278	68.69	8.48	0	13.66	2.07	6.41	0.48	0	0.18	907	44.4	26	0.8
279	70.8	8.03	0	13.96	0.96	6	0.05	0	0.2	906	43	85	0.9
280	69.88	8.48	0	13.66	2.07	5.21	0.49	0	0.18	972	40.6	16	2
281	70.55	9.05	0	14.04	0.97	5.14	0.05	0	0.19	919	46.6	106	0.8
282	68.79	8.83	0	13.94	1.36	6.01	0.88	0	0.18	903	36.6	78	0.5
283	50.7	25.5	0	23.7	0.01	0.02	0.06	0	0.01	1591	70.4	721	-1.82
284	64.09	14.61	4.15	13.61	0.21	3.2	.03	0	.07	985.4	36.6	162	-3.99
285	69.01	10.86	0	14.63	0.01	5.26	0.05	0	0.16	1087.6	50	224.931	-1.53
286	68.89	10.7	0	14.73	0.01	5.09	0.05	0.37	0.16	1113.5	50	220.778	-1.1
287	68.71	10.66	0	14.83	0.01	4.91	0.04	0.65	0.16	1123.5	50	219.715	-0.77
288	68.73	10.66	0	14.84	0.01	4.63	0.04	0.91	0.16	1113.4	50	217.603	-0.48
289	68.75	10.63	0	14.9	0.01	4.37	0.04	1.13	0.16	1107	50	215.62	-0.13
290	68.86	10.65	0	14.74	0.01	4.15	0.04	1.37	0.16	1117.8	50	211.884	-0.09
291	68.98	10.66	0	14.71	0.01	3.64	0.04	1.79	0.16	1114.9	50	207.556	0.38
292	67.32	12.65	3.76	13.76	0.01	2.37	0.04	0	0.07	971.9	50	128.466	-1.29
293	66.96	12.63	3.96	13.84	0.01	2.47	0.04	0	0.08	970.3	50	124.242	-1.29
294	67.43	12.56	3.93	13.54	0.01	2.41	0.03	0	0.07	962.8	50	117.959	-1.45
295	67.09	12.66	4.15	13.64	0.01	2.33	0.04	0	0.07	947.1	50	115.348	-1.38
296	67.45	12.46	4.07	13.5	0.01	2.38	0.03	0	0.08	940.8	50	110.364	-1.36
297	67.11	12.57	4.12	13.64	0.01	2.42	0.04	0	0.08	953	50	114.499	-1.38
298	68.95	10.65	0	14.74	0.01	3.49	0.05	1.93	0.17			206.619	0.56
299	68.62	10.76	0	14.91	0.01	3.53	0.04	1.94	0.16			212.495	0.59
300	68.21	10.92	0	15.09	0.01	3.57	0.04	1.98	0.17			219.963	0.57
301	68.12	11.18	0	15.01	0.01	3.52	0.04	1.94	0.16			225.356	0.28
302	68.34	10.84	0	14.87	0.01	3.47	0.04	2.25	0.16			213.553	0.53
303	68.71	10.71	0	14.79	0.01	3.2	0.04	2.37	0.16			206.595	0.85
304	68.29	11	0	15.09	0.01	3	0.04	2.39	0.16			217.514	1.06

TABLE 1-continued

Exemplary compositions of aluminosilicate glasses, expressed in mol %.													
Example	SiO ₂	Al ₂ O ₃	B ₂ O ₃	Na ₂ O	K ₂ O	MgO	CaO	ZnO	SnO ₂	CS (MPa)	DOL (μm)	CS criterion	Compensation criterion
305	67.94	11.05	0	15.25	0.01	3.05	0.03	2.48	0.16			221.689	1.13
306	67.93	11.01	0	15.28	0.01	3.26	0.04	2.29	0.16			222.855	0.98

While typical embodiments have been set forth for the purpose of illustration, the foregoing description should not be deemed to be a limitation on the scope of the disclosure or appended claims. Accordingly, various modifications, adaptations, and alternatives may occur to one skilled in the art without departing from the spirit and scope of the present disclosure or appended claims.

The invention claimed is:

1. A glass article having a surface and a layer under compressive stress extending from the surface to a depth of layer wherein the compressive stress CS is at least about 900 Mpa and the depth of layer DOL is at least about 30 μm, wherein the glass article comprises:

at least about 50 mol % SiO₂;
from about 7 mol % to about 26 mol % Al₂O₃;
from about 11 mol % to about 25 mol % Na₂O;
from 0 mol % to about 9 mol % B₂O₃;
from 0 mol % to 2.5 mol % K₂O;
from 0 mol % to about 8.5 mol % MgO; and
from 0 mol % to 1.5 mol % CaO;

wherein the glass article exhibits a CS criterion defined by the equation $-340+27.1*Al_2O_3-28.7*B_2O_3+15.6*Na_2O-61.4*K_2O+8.1*(MgO+ZnO) \geq 40$ mol % and a compensation criterion defined by the equation $0.7 \text{ mol \%} \leq Na_2O+K_2O-Al_2O_3-MgO-ZnO \leq 2$ mol %.

2. The glass article of claim 1, wherein the compensation criterion is $1.0 \text{ mol \%} \leq Na_2O+K_2O-Al_2O_3-MgO-ZnO \leq 2$ mol %.

3. The glass article of claim 1, wherein the CS criterion defined by the equation $-340+27.1*Al_2O_3-28.7*B_2O_3+15.6*Na_2O-61.4*K_2O+8.1*(MgO+ZnO) \geq 80$ mol %.

4. The glass article of claim 3, wherein the CS criterion defined by the equation $-340+27.1*Al_2O_3-28.7*B_2O_3+15.6*Na_2O-61.4*K_2O+8.1*(MgO+ZnO) \geq 100$ mol %.

5. The glass article of claim 1, wherein the glass article further comprises 0-0.1 mol % of one or more of ZrO₂, TiO₂, Fe₂O₃, Cr₂O₃, Co₂O₃, or V₂O₃.

6. The glass article of claim 1, wherein the glass article is substantially free of Li₂O.

7. The glass article of claim 1, wherein the glass article further comprises at least one fining agent selected from the group consisting of F, Cl, Br, I, As₂O₃, Sb₂O₃, CeO₂, SnO₂, and combinations thereof.

8. The glass article of claim 1, wherein the glass article has a thickness of up to about 1 mm.

9. The glass article of claim 1, wherein the glass article exhibits a load to failure of at least about 300 kgf.

10. The glass article of claim 1, wherein the DOL is at least about 40 μm.

11. The glass article of claim 1, wherein the CS is at least 1000 MPa.

12. The glass article of claim 1, wherein SiO₂+Al₂O₃+B₂O₃+Na₂O+K₂O+MgO+ZnO ≥ 95 mol %.

13. The glass article of claim 1, wherein Na₂O+Al₂O₃+MgO+ZnO > 25 mol %.

14. The glass article of claim 1, wherein the glass comprises greater than 0 to 8.5 mol % MgO.

15. The glass article of claim 1, wherein the glass comprises 0-0.1 mol % ZrO₂.

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